Indiana Coalition Against Domestic Violence

One in four women has been the victim of severe physical violence by an intimate partner; one in five children live in families where this has occurred. Since 1980, the Indiana Coalition Against Domestic Violence has worked to ensure that people who help survivors have the information and resources they need. To prevent future violence, ICADV advocates for change through public policy, informational campaigns to increase awareness and educating young people on the cyclical nature of violence so we can all say “No More” in Indiana.

Facts about domestic violence during pregnancy

- Pregnant women are 60% more likely to be beaten than women who are not pregnant.

- 50-70% of women abused before pregnancy are abused during pregnancy.

- Women are two to four times more likely to suffer increased abuse as a result of an unintended or unwanted pregnancy.

- Violence is cited as a pregnancy complication more often than diabetes, hypertension or any other serious complication.

- Murder is the second most common cause of injury-related death for pregnant women, after car accidents.

- 26% of pregnant teens reported being physically abused by their boyfriends. Nearly half of them said the battering began or intensified after he learned of the pregnancy.

Resources

Indiana Coalition Against Domestic Violence
toll free hotline 800.332.7385

Connect2Help
(in most areas of Indiana)
211

National Domestic Violence Hotline
800.799.SAFE - www.ndvh.org

loveisrespect.org

Rape Abuse & Incest National Network
800.656.HOPE - www.rainn.org

futureswithoutviolence.org

Be Safe During Pregnancy

Have a healthy baby

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What is domestic violence?

Domestic violence is the use of power and control within an intimate relationship that threatens a person’s well-being. The abuse can be physical, sexual, emotional and financial. It can happen to anyone of any race, age, sexual orientation, religion or gender. It can happen to couples who are married, living together or dating.

Domestic violence affects people of all socio-economic backgrounds and education levels. It can happen to friends, family or co-workers. It can happen to you.

If you are hurt or threatened by your partner while you are pregnant, you have a higher risk of miscarriage and a low birth weight baby. You may also risk having first and second trimester bleeding and complications during labor.

Are you safe in your relationship?

Does your partner:

- make you feel afraid?
- hit, hurt or threaten you?
- tell you you’re stupid, ugly, fat or worthless?
- force you to have sex when you don’t want to?
- keep track of your every move?
- limit your contact with friends or family?
- limit your access to money?
- threaten you, the baby or your other children?
- regularly accuse you or flirting with others or cheating?

If you answer YES to any of these questions, you may be experiencing domestic violence.

There are no obligations.
Your and your partner should be a collaborative team that supports each other through each decision made. When you get pregnant, abusers see it as another means of control, and most of the time abuse increases after the pregnancy. If you want to leave, do not feel obligated to stay with the father of the child.

Keep medical treatment in mind.

Regular check ups are important for any expecting mother, but even more so for a pregnant woman in an abusive relationship. If a doctor knows what’s going on medically, they can help you keep yourself healthy.

Pregnancy can be a dangerous, sensitive time. Taking care of yourself is incredibly important.

Have a plan for safety.

- Plan a safe place to go if you must leave.
- Plan a primary and backup escape route out of your home - practice the route.
- Arrange a signal with a trusted friend so they know when you need help.
- Carry a cell phone at all times.
- Avoid taking shelter in rooms with only one exit, like a bathroom.
- Keep your purse or wallet packed and ready to go at all times. Include important phone numbers like a doctor, attorney, insurance agent, pharmacy and safe friend.
- Have an overnight bag packed with your identification, important documents, medication and clothing. Include eye glasses, money, address book, comfortable shoes, toiletries, pictures, jewelry and other valuable items.
- Make copies of all your important documents, your house and car keys and hide them in a safe place. Tell someone you trust the location of the hiding place. Important documents may include your birth certificate and social security card.